Newspapers.com
https://www.newspapers.com/image/276121016

Downloaded on Oct 31, 2017

Woman Suffrage Carries State By Majority Of 100,000

YESTERDAY'S CIRCULATION 28,142 Members of Audit Bureau of Circulation

ELMIRA STAR-GAZETTE

Evening Star, Founded 1867. Elmira Gazette Founded 1828.

ELMIRA, N. Y., WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7, 1917

Full Member of Associated Press. All rights of republication reserved.

VOLUME 11. NUMBER 109.

WEATHER—Fair. Mostly clear tonight and Thursday. SEE PAGE TWO.

British Capture Passchendaele, Now Command Roulers

CANADIANS WIN VICTORY OVER HINDENBURG'S BEST

Captured Long Contested Positions, Including Passchendaele Village, and Now Command Places Vital to German Hold of French Line.

Roulers, an important railway center northwest of Ypres, is now dominated by British guns. Canadian troops yesterday completed the capture of the important part of the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge by taking Passchendaele, Goeberg and Mosselmarkt. The Germans suffered heavy loss and a number of prisoners fell into British hands. Passchendaele dominates Roulers and the plains surrounding the town, which lies five miles northeast.

The Germans had fought hard to hold Passchendaele and several times recently the British had been checked in attempts to take it. Tuesday the enterprise of the Canadians was too much for the Germans and they had to surrender the position, which means much to further British progress toward the Roulers-Menin Railway, one of the several lines entering Roulers.

Each successful effort by the British brings nearer the inevitable German retirement from the positions directly affected by the ever-widening Ypres-Salient. A retreat, however, is a menace to the submarine bases of Ostend and Zee Brugge and the city of Bruges, the base of German operations in Flanders and it is apparent that Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria is doing his utmost to retain the positions now held rather than to retire and strengthen his line.

Germans Make No Attack on British

London, Nov. 7.—The Germans made no effort during the night to retake the ground captured yesterday on the Ypres front by the British.

"On the battle front there is nothing to report except intermittent German military operations" says today's official statement. "Our troops have been engaged in consolidating the positions won in yesterday's attack.

"A successful raid was carried out last night by Liverpool troops northwest of Queant. We captured a few prisoners."

British Capture Gaza

London, Nov. 7.—The British have captured the city of Gaza, in Palestine, the War Office announces.

French Repulse Germans

Paris, Nov. 7.—The Germans made an attack last night on the Verdun front at Chaume Wood. The War Office announces that the enemy was repulsed.

The communication follows:

"Enemy attacks against our trenches in the region of St. Quentin and northwest of Rheims (in sectors of Sapigneuil and Godat) cost him losses without any result.

"On the right bank of the Meuse a violent bombardment in the region of

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

WOUNDED AMERICANS ARE ALL DOING WELL

With the American Army in France, Nov. 7.—(By the Associated Press).—The American soldiers wounded in the German raid on a trench last week are all doing well in the base hospital. Some of them are suffering from painful wounds.

Artillery fighting continued fairly active on the American sector today.

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

ITALIAN GRENADIERS FIGHT UNTIL LAST MAN GOES DOWN

Whole Brigade Makes the Grand Sacrifice to Country in Holding Advancing Hordes While the Italian Army Escapes—Stands Like a Rock While Death Approaches and Does Its Duty to the Glory of Its Name.

Italian Army Headquarters, Nov. 5 (By the Associated Press).—Against a brigade of Grenadiers has covered itself with glory, standing like a rock in the face of the advancing Austro-German tide until it was overwhelmed. After the enemy had crossed the Tagliamento and was pressing on between Pordenone and Portogruaro, the grenadiers were assigned to the task of holding up the advance in this region. No shelling from the enemy could dislodge them. They lay prone behind brush wood, calmly awaiting the foe.

As soon as the enemy came within range his ranks were swept with the rifle fire of the grenadiers. The Austro-German lines were filled up immediately, however, and continued to advance in overwhelming waves. As they approached, the grenadiers rose to their knees and hurled their grenades, but were unable to turn back such great number of the enemy.

The last surviving officer then ordered a bayonet charge. Without hesitation the grenadiers dashed at the foe. When last seen the few survivors, using their rifles as clubs, were fighting on until, one by one, all fell. That did not occur, however, until they had accomplished their task, for their resistance delayed the enemy until the Italian troops reached a place of safety and were reformed for action.

WHY THE ITALIANS ARE FALLING BACK

In addition to the heavy Austro-German attacks in the Isonzo Valley (1) the Teutons succeeded in breaking through the Italian lines at Plezzo (2) thereby threatening the left wing of Cadorna's army. General Cadorna's strength and strategy in retreat again were called into play for a further retirement from the Tagliamento, where only a halting stand has been made, to a line further in the rear, probably at the Piave where he hopes to hold the invaders and begin counter-attacks that will drive them from Italy.

Italians Retiring To Piave Position

Cadorna May Even Go Further and Establish Line in Sugana Valley to Escape Teuton Pincers—New Line To Follow Lower Piava and the Brenta.

Both official announcements and unofficial dispatches from Italy today reflect a tone of increasing confidence although the situation is still admittedly grave.

General Cadorna's withdrawal from the Tagliamento Line and from the mountainous districts in Northern Venetia is proceeding in an orderly way, Rome asserts. The dispatches from the field seem to bear this out. The German statement claims the capture of numbers of prisoners, but does not mention any guns taken, indicate any such demoralization in the Italian ranks as during the precipitate withdrawal from the Isonzo line.

A retirement by the Italians to a shorter defense line is under way along a front of 410 miles. Not only from the Carnic Alps to the Adriatic along the Tagliamento are Cadorna's men retreating before the Austro-Germans but also in the Dolomite and Carnic Alps.

The Piave line appears to be the next stopping place of the Italians but there are indications that even the northern reaches of this river have been abandoned to the enemy. General Cadorna probably is retiring up on the Sugana Valley, which lies east of Trent and upon the lower Piave, connecting the two natural positions by a line from the Brenta, which flows through the Sugana Valley to the Piave at a point south of Feltre.

It was believed improbable that the Italian commander would retreat to the line of the Brenta along its entire length as this would leave Venice at the hands of the invaders. Basing his new position on the Upper Brenta and the Lower Piave, Cadorna would have a line about one hundred miles short-

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

REPUBLICANS GAIN LEGISLATIVE LEAD ON MARYLAND BODY

Baltimore, Nov. 7.—As a result of yesterday's election for the first time in twenty years the Republicans may have a majority on a joint ballot in the legislature. According to the latest figures the Republicans have a majority of seven in the House of Delegates and lack but one vote of controlling the senate.

U. S. Patrol Vessel Sunk By Torpedo Twenty-One Killed

Washington, Nov. 7.—The Navy Department today was awaiting from Vice Admiral Sims a complete report of the American patrol vessel Alcedo, which went down in the War Zone early Monday morning with a probable loss of one officer and twenty men. The Alcedo, a converted yacht apparently was hit in a vital spot, as only four minutes elapsed before she plunged below.

Of the Alcedo's full complement of seven officers and 45 men, seventy-one are known to have been rescued but little hope is held out for the possible safety of those reported missing.

REPUBLICANS WIN IN BUFFALO BY REAL LANDSLIDE

Councilman Malone Is Only Survivor of the Avalanche Against Democrats—Suffrage Wins.

Buffalo, Nov. 7.—A Republican landslide, vast in its proportions and irresistible in its sweep, passed over Erie county yesterday.

Even Cheektowaga, for the first time in nobody knows how many years, went Republican.

Councilman John F. Malone emerged, the sole survivor, from the deluge, and is reported all of his personal popularity to escape the partisan flood.

The Republicans recaptured the Mayor's office after having been out of power there for twelve long years. They drove a further deep wedge into the Democratic entrenchments by seizing the sheriff's office, electing Bradley by a plurality greater than that given any candidate for sheriff in at least a generation.

They also elected all three candidates for city court judgeships, six of the eight assemblymen and nine fifteen of the twenty-seven city members in the board of supervisors.

The Republican organization leaders were correct in their judgment that this was the year to run a party ticket in a non-partisan city campaign.

Woman suffrage carried Buffalo by a majority of 4,402 out of a total of 42,326 votes cast on this question.

PROCLAMATION BY WILSON TO FIX BREAD PRICE

Washington, Nov. 7.—Direct action to control the price of bread and fix the size of a standard loaf will be taken soon by President Wilson in a proclamation placing the nation's bread supply under regulations issued by Food Administrator Hoover. The bakers will be considered as manufacturers and the terms of the proclamation will make it possible for the food administration to control price and size of the loaf. Considerable reduction of prices in many localities is expected to be the immediate result.

REPUBLICANS LEAD IN PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, Nov. 7.—Complete but unofficial returns of the vote cast in Philadelphia yesterday show that the candidates of the regular Republican organization offices lead by majorities ranging from 5,747 to 8,646, but the soldier vote in Southern states may change results.

Fusion Wins in Chicago

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Democrats and Republicans in Chicago and Cook county today expressed gratification at the results of the judicial election yesterday in which a fusion ticket of these parties was swept into office over Socialist and Independent tickets by a plurality of approximately 75,000 out of a total vote of 244,913. The election was held to chose twelve judges of the circuit court.

New Mexico Goes Dry

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 7.—New Mexico adopted prohibition yesterday by a decisive majority on the face of partial returns from 15 of the 24 counties in the state received early today.

OHIO BEATS SUFFRAGE PROHIBITION IN DOUBT

ALL LIQUORS BARRED FROM IMPORTATION

Attorney General Today Makes Ruling That No Distilled Beverages May Be Admitted Under New Prohibition Laws.

Washington, Nov. 7.—All avenues for importation of distilled liquors for beverage purposes except from the Virgin Islands were closed today under instructions sent to customs collectors based on Attorney General Gregory's interpretation of prohibition sections of the food control and war tax laws.

Liquor produced on or before October 3, when the revenue act was passed, may not be imported for any use but it produced after Oct. 3 and intended for other purposes than consumption as a beverage, it may be admitted under customs regulations yet to be made. Rum and other liquor made in the Virgin Islands after Oct. 3 from materials produced there, may be brought into this country for beverage or other purposes.

The result of the order probably will be to admit for industrials quantities of liquor now held by customs officers, pending the attorney generals review of a ruling made several weeks ago by the treasury solicitor permitting importation of liquor, produced before Oct. 3. Orders based on that ruling, which virtually nullified the food act's prohibition against importation have been withdrawn.

State Will Go About 100,000 Against the Women but "Drys" Are Rapidly Closing Up the "Wet" Lead—Dry Districts to Hear From.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 7.—With the presidential women's suffrage propositions decisively beaten the voters of Ohio today are still in doubt as to whether their votes have made the state wet or dry.

In the presidential women's suffrage contest, with 2,982 precincts missing, the vote against suffrage ran well over the 100,000 mark today, the vote being 256,947 for suffrage and 374,419 against.

With only 429 precincts to hear from the anti-prohibition forces maintained a lead of 5,753 at noon today on detailed figures reported from all the counties in Ohio, except Harrison county.

Harrison county sent an estimated that the county would go dry by 2,500 votes but this estimate was not included in the precinct figures which gave from 5,327 precincts out of 5,756 in Ohio for prohibition 474,581; against 478,224.

The "wet" lead has steadily dwindled all day, from over 13,000 this morning down to under 4,000. A majority of the precincts yet to be heard from are reputed to be dry.

Judge Hylan Elected By Record Plurality

Tammany Makes Clean Sweep of New York—Mayor-Elect Has Lead of 148,000—Socialists Poll Enormous Vote —No "Loyalty" Issue Involved, Declares Victor Mitchel Runs Only 7,000 Ahead of Hillquit.

New York, Nov. 7.—Complete vote for mayoralty candidates follows:

Boroughs	Bennett Rep.	Hylan Dem.	Hillquit Soc.	Mitchel Fus.
Manhattan	12,161	107,514	49,704	62,578
The Bronx	5,244	39,215	29,716	18,781
Brooklyn	28,294	168,139	48,191	50,994
Queens	5,919	32,908	13,118	13,220
Richmond	1,956	8,506	1,455	2,824
City Total	53,578	297,282	142,178	149,397

New York, Nov. 7.—Tammany Hall returned to power on the result of yesterday's mayoralty election.

Not only was Judge John F. Hylan swept into office by the largest plurality ever given to a mayoralty candidate in New York City but there was elected with him the entire Democratic ticket, giving the new administration all of the 14 voters in the Board of Estimate which controls all city expenditures. Those elected with Judge Hylan were Charles L. Craig, Controller; Alfred E. Smith, president of the Board of Aldermen and the presidents of the five boroughs of the city.

The vote for Mayor stood:

John F. Hylan (D) 297,282.
John Purroy Mitchel (Fusion) 149,297.
Morris Hillquit (Socialist) 142,178.

William H. Bennett (R) 53,678.

Aside from the overwhelming Tammany victory the outstanding feature of the mayoralty vote was the great increase in the Socialist vote. In 1913 Charles Edward Russell, the Socialist candidate, polled but 22,100 votes. At the Presidential election last year, Allan L. Benson, Socialist candidate for President received 21,785 votes.

The Socialists while disappointed because their vote was short of expectations got some comfort out of the fact that they carried two Assembly districts, three of which are expected to send Socialists to Albany.

The result of the vote of 50,000 or more soldiers and sailors now in military service at home and abroad will not be known for at least a month. Tammany campaign managers assert that these votes would only serve to increase the majorities of their candidates.

The last Tammany mayor was the late Mayor Gaynor who was elected in 1910 but who later broke with the organization.

Mayor-elect Hylan, in a statement after his election became a certainty, emphasized that there was no "loyalty" issue at stake, as had been charged by Mayor Mitchel.

New York's next Mayor began his career as a track layer on an elevated road and later became a fireman and engineer. Soon after his marriage he began the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1897. He was appointed chief magistrate in 1906 by Mayor McClellan, a Tammany Mayor, and in 1913 was appointed judge of Kings County. A year later he was elected to the same office.

WINS IN NEW YORK

JUDGE JOHN J HYLAN

JOHN F. HYLAN

Brooklyn Judge who is elected mayor over Mitchel, Bennett and Hillquit.

Unlimited Franchise Is Given After Years of Women's Work

Suffrage Leaders Are Overjoyed as Early Returns Indicate Success and as Later Additions Increase the Lead —Large Centers Reverse Their Vote of Two Years Ago and Give Large Majorities for "Votes For Women."

New York, Nov. 7.—Returns from 4,876 election districts out of 5,772 in the state on woman suffrage give: Yes, 604,63; no, 504,102. A majority for suffrage of 97,235.

New York, Nov. 7.—The vote on women suffrage in New York City, complete, was: Yes, 334,011. No, 241,315.

New York, Nov. 7.—The women citizens of New York state were given unlimited suffrage in yesterday's election by a majority which is expected to reach 100,000 when all election districts have completed their tabulations.

Early today with 1,148 ent of 5,772 election districts missing, the vote stood 552,319 for the amendment and 446,791 against. In the greater city which reversed its stand of 1915, the suffrage leaders predicted that the missing 272 election districts would greatly increase the large majority. The incomplete vote for the city was 283,724 for suffrage as against 209,127 opposed.

In the long fight for the ballot in New York state of almost seventy years the women long since learned to expect defeat but their fears were early turned to hope and, as the big vote began to pile up, to jubilation that knew no bounds. At both the city and state suffrage headquarters scenes approaching hysteria were enacted as the women showered embraces, kisses and congratulations upon each other. Then, as if relieved by the realization that other states still withheld the vote from their women, the leaders immediately set about pushing the campaign for the Federal amendment.

On the sweeping character of yesterday's victory in this state the leaders predicted that Congress would be influenced to act favorably upon the constitutional amendment enfranchising women citizens of the nation. But a victory without a jubilee could not be overlooked and before the crowds of jubilant women began leaving the two headquarters it was announced that a celebration by New York City women would be held tonight at Cooper Union.

Upstate counties where suffrage was rejected in 1915 reversed their majority in more than equal proportions, while others, notably Albany, Monroe, Niagara, Orleans, Rensselaer and St. Lawrence again voted against the amendment.

LEWIS WINS AS ATT'Y GENERAL

Overcomes Hodson's Lead and Lands With Big Plurality—Block Runs a Poor Third.

New York, Nov. 7.—While interest in the election in this state centered in the suffrage question, the contest between Morton E. Lewis, Republican and Irvine F. Hodson, Democrat for attorney general, brought out a heavy vote.

Lewis brought to the city a plurality large enough to overcome Hodson's heavy lead and with 833 election districts missing early today he had a majority over Hodson of more than 90,000. John Block, Socialist, ran a poor third.

In addition to Attorney General Lewis the Republicans elected 95 of the 150 members of the 1918 Assembly. The Democrats elected 48 members and the Socialist seven. In 1917 the Assembly was made up of 99 Republicans, 49 Democrats and two Socialists.

Municipal elections in 42 cities upstate resulted in the election of 26 Republican mayors, fourteen Democrats and two, Buffalo and Saratoga Springs, where no political designations appeared on the ballots the Republican candidates were successful.

M'CALL WINS IN MASSACHUSETTS

Boston, Nov. 7.—The small Democratic vote in Boston was one of the most marked features of the election in this State yesterday, when Governor Samuel W. McCall was chosen for third term, all other Republican state officers were re-elected and the Republicans made a net gain of six on joint ballot in the Legislature. Governor McCall's plurality over Frederick W. Mansfield, Democrat, was 30,529, the total vote being: McCall, 226,404; Mansfield, 175,875.

Indianapolis Republican

Indianapolis, Nov. 7.—In Indianapolis yesterday the entire Republican ticket headed by Charles W. Jewett, Mayoralty candidate, was elected over its opponents. Joseph Shank, home rule candidate and Dick Miller, Democrat, by a plurality of 2600. Shank was second.

New Jersey Republican

Newark, N. J., Nov. 7.—A large majority for the Republicans in both houses of the New Jersey Legislature was indicated in returns today on yesterday's election. The make-up of the next Legislature, on the face of returns today, will be fifteen Republicans and six Democratic Senators and 48 Republicans and 13 Democratic assemblymen.

(Continued on Page Two.)

MAYORS CHOSEN IN N. Y. CITIES

Albany—James R. Watt, R.
Amsterdam—Sooly Conover, R.
Auburn—Mark I. Koon, D.
Binghamton—Harry C. Walker, D.
Buffalo—George S. Buck, R.
Canandaigua—Fred H. Partridge, R.
Cohoes—Jas. S. Calkins, R.
Corning—George W. Lane, D.
Dunkirk—James S. Pierce, R.
Elmira—Harry N. Hoffman, R.
Fulton—Victor E. Lewis, R.
Geneva—Reuben H. Galvin, R.
Gloversville—Abram Baird, R.
Hornell—Edward J. Davis, R.
Ithaca—Frank B. Davis, R.
Johnstown—Clarence W. Smith, R.
Kingston—Palmer Cantrell, Jr., R.
Lackawanna—John A. Toomey, D.
Little Falls—Abraham Zeller, R.
Middletown—Rossiyn M. Cox, D.
Mount Vernon—Edward F. Brush, R.
(Close: soldier vote may decide).
New Rochelle—Fred H. Waldorf, D.
Olean—Foster Studholme, R.
(Close: soldier vote may decide).
Oneida—Ralph Munson, D.
Oneonta—Andrew E. Cepperley, R.
Oswego—John Fitzgibbons, D.
Plattsburgh—Charles A. Barnard, D.
Port Jervis—Peter C. Rutan, R.
(Unopposed).
Poughkeepsie—Ralph P. Suits, D.
Rochester—H. H. Edgerton, R.
Rome—H. Clayton Mildian, R.
Saranac—Emmet E. Warn, D.
(Close: soldier vote may decide).
Saratoga Springs—Harry Yeiter, R.
Schenectady—Chas. A. Simons, R.
Syracuse—Walter R. Stone, R.
Tonawanda—Fred Koehn, R.
Troy—C. P. Burns, D.
Utica—Jas. B. Smith, D.
Watertown—Isaac B. Green, R.
Watervliet—Edw. W. Joslin, R.
—Re-elected.
White Plains—William J. Weise, R.
Yonkers—William J. Wallin, R.

MEMBERS ELECTED

Following is a list of candidates elected to the New York State Assembly.

Albany—1st, C. P. Welsh, (R)*; 2nd, J. H. Maline, (R)*. 3rd, J. M. Gaffers, (R).
Allegany—William Duke, Jr., (R)*.
Bronx—1st, E. H. Miller, (D)*; 2nd, E. J. Flynn, (D); 3rd, Benjamin Gilkes (Col.) close; 4th, Samuel Orr (Soc) close; 5th, W. S. Evans (D)*; 6th, T. J. Donald (Soc); 7th, J. McKee (D); 8th, J. F. McLaughlin (D).
Broome—1st, H. Jenks (R)*; 2nd, F. E. Whitcomb (R).
Cattaraugus— Dec. H. H. Ames (R)*.
Cayuga—L. F. Hager, (R)*.
Chautauqua—1st, H. L. Ames, (R)*; 2nd, J. A. McGinnies, (R)*.
Chemung—J. J. Richford, (R).
Chenango—Bert Lord, (R)*.
Clinton—W. E. Pierce, (R)*.
Columbia—W. J. Austin, (R).
Cortland—G. H. Wiltsie, (R)*.
Delaware—J. C. Newkirk (D).
Dutchess—1st, J. C. Allen, (R)*; 2nd, F. L. Gardner, (R)*.
Erie—1st, Alexander Taylor, (R)*; 2nd, J. W. Slacer, (R)*; 3rd, N. J. Miller, (R)*; 4th, J. M. Mead, (R)*; 5th A. A. Patrzykowski, (D)*; 6th, G. H. Hoag, (R)*; 7th, H. A. Zimmerman, (R)*. 8th, N. W. Cheney, (R)*.
Essex—R. T. Kenyon, (R)*.
Franklin—W. T. Thayer, (R)*.
Fulton-Hamilton—E. Z. Kasson, (R)*.
Genesee—L. H. Wells, (R)*.
Greene—Harding Showers, (R)*.
Herkimer—E. O. Davies, (D)*.
Jefferson—H. E. Mahoney, (R)*.
Kings—1st, P. H. Larney, (D)*; 2nd, W. H. Fitzgerald, (R)*; 3rd, F. E. Taylor, (D)*; 4th, P. A. McArdle,

(Continued on Page Two.)

Kerensky Government Decides to Use Civil, Not Military, Force in Crisis

Petrograd, Nov. 7.—The governm ent has decided not to resort to armed force for the present against the military committee of the soldiers and workmen's delegates, but has rendered the Ministry of Justice to prosecute the members of the committee. The military will take the necessary measures in case of a revolt.

Copyright © 2017 Newspapers.com. All Rights Reserved.

Powered by Newspapers.com